No. 33 MAY 1970

Spearhead

one shilling

BLACK POWER EQUALS RED POWER

Nationalist comment

WHAT WE THINK

on the month's news

No-Hopers

A few months ago the knowledge that the Tories had a massive lead over Labour in both election results and opinion polls provided cold comfort to those seriously concerned with the future of Britain. It is always a debatable point whether we should prefer to be governed by the Tories as ever so slightly the lesser of two evils or whether that small advantage is offset by the disadvantage that millions of innocent people will sit back and reassure themselves that the country is being governed from the Right whereas in fact it will remain governed from the Left. In either event the country will be the loser.

However, the Tory lead of a short time ago did establish this: that if, from such a position, Mr. Heath could not stride forth and win the next General Election by a walloping majority he and his cohorts must be the feeblest bunch of no-hopers ever to appear on the political scene.

The position today we all know. Not only is it certain that the Tories will not win the coming General Election with a walloping majority, it is highly conjectural whether they will win the General Election at all. The unbelievable has happened—Labour has jumped right back into the race, and the latest opinion polls show them slightly ahead.

Has the British public suddenly come around to loving Mr. Wilson? Has it now at last woken up to the great blessings of living under the present Government? Does it now look forward to a confident future with Labour? Of course Socialist spokesmen have to answer in the affirmative, but only the most idiotic of them can really believe so in their hearts.

No, the truth, as we all know, is that the public is just utterly disenchanted with Edward Heath's brand of Conservatism, with the nebulous, anæmic concoction of quasi-liberal, materialistic, ambiguous, uninspiring little-England policies that bear the name of 'Tory' and purport to be an 'alternative' to the present muddle.

If ever a party of opposition had a rich armoury of sticks with which to flay the Government it is the party in opposition in Britain today. Immigration, crime, the Common Market, Rhodesia, the Springbok cricket tour, the economic situation, industrial unrest, overseas aid, taxation, anarchy in the universities, abortion, the drug menace, unemployment—the list is endless.

Yet these things have not got home to the public to any decisive extent, and it is clear that the reason that they have not got home is that the Opposition has either talked about them half-heartedly or simply not talked about them at all.

Perhaps the latter fact is not really so surprising since on most issues the policy of the Opposition is indistinguishable from that of the Government.

Of course there are no end of Tories who say that a change will come, that they will get rid of the present crew and put some real leaders and patriots in their place. We meet them every day. Our correspondence drawer is stacked full with their letters.

But they never seem to get beyond mere promises. Year after year they have put up with the same leadership. Year after year they have been utterly ineffectual in combatting the leftist influences in their party. Year after year they have allowed themselves to be led by these political clowns, poseurs and vegetables.

Is it now too much to ask them to look for new sources of leadership outside the dying Tory Party, to give new men a chance—to appreciate that perhaps those who have campaigned on the 'fringe' of British politics all these years are not just cranks, fanatics and rowdies but serious men who have seen a long time ago what would happen and who have been preparing a genuine and practical alternative?

One Who Got Off

"Will Owen praises British justice" was one of the newspaper headlines on the morning following the end of the ex-Labour MP's secrets trial.

Mr. Owen's personal views on British justice are hardly surprising in the circumstances. The views of the ordinary citizen concerned with matters of national security might be expected to be very different.

A jury cleared Mr. Owen of all charges of giving away secrets. Fair enough, we must accept the jury's verdict.

But the fact remains that Owen willingly accepted gifts of money amounting to £2,300 from people whom he knew to be representatives of a foreign power—and a Communist power at that—and did not report the matter to Scotland Yard, as indeed he should have done when the first offer of money occurred.

For any British citizen this is not good enough. For a member of Parliament it is an appalling dereliction of duty.

WILL OWEN

If there is not a law making such dereliction a criminal offence rendering the offender liable to very severe punishment then that is one very serious flaw in British justice, whatever Mr. Owen himself may think about it.

Owen, after all, cannot seriously have imagined that the gifts of money he received were made with any purpose other than to get him to work for the Communists and against Britain. Yet he kept quiet and enjoyed the proceeds.

The general verdict about the case seems to be that Owen has come out of it as fool rather than knave, as weakling rather than master spy and traitor.

But an elementary knowledge of the history of espionage would show that it is precisely such fools and weaklings that become links in spy systems.

There is something very seriously wrong with our political system when people of this calibre are able to gain entry into the foremost political chamber of the land.

Cambodia Protest

Last month we commented on the entry of Communist troops from Vietnam into Cambodia and expressed our view of this as a pointer to the Communists' 'peace' intentions. We might also have reflected on the complete absence of opposition from the worldwide 'peace' protest brigade, particularly in the United States itself.

Spearhead

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Cover: *Negresses lead Young Communist march through London.*

When the Americans enter Cambodia, on the other hand, protest reaches a deafening scream. By now of course we should not be surprised. It's all very predictable. To students, whether in the USA or here, military action is always certain to be wrong provided that it's one's own country that's taking it.

Gift to the Left

The Americans, however, seem to have an uncanny knack of playing into the hands of the protesting student Left.

In the first place, they're in a war that is serving no tangible American interest. In the second place, they're conducting that war in the worst possible way, not really trying to win it and not even fighting as a great nation is expected to fight.

There have been some fine exploits of valour in Vietnam by some fine young men.

But there have been far too many instances of exactly the opposite behaviour by exactly the opposite kinds of men. Defeatist talk among the ranks, indiscipline, drug taking, shell hysteria and on more than one occasion outright mutiny.

Now the latest example is a looting expedition in the Cambodian town of Snoul.

Then what happens on the US home front? We have the shootings at Kent, Ohio.

For years the student Left has yearned for martyrs, for victims of the bullets of the establishment. Just as the shooting of Father Gapon's demonstrators before the Winter Palace in St. Petersburg in 1906 became part of the propaganda folklore of the Russian Revolution, so will the deaths of the four poor, and no doubt innocent, students at Kent provide the new Left with just the heroic symbols it so badly needs and just the desired label to stick on established authority.

The truth is that the National Guardsmen at Kent panicked and fired without orders — without even putting warning shots over the demonstrators' heads. In doing so they made a gift to the forces of anarchy.

It is easy, we know, to be critical from afar. One cannot say, from the safety of an office desk, that in certainty one would not act the same in similar circumstances to the trying circumstances of the war in Indo-China or the violence of the American university campus.

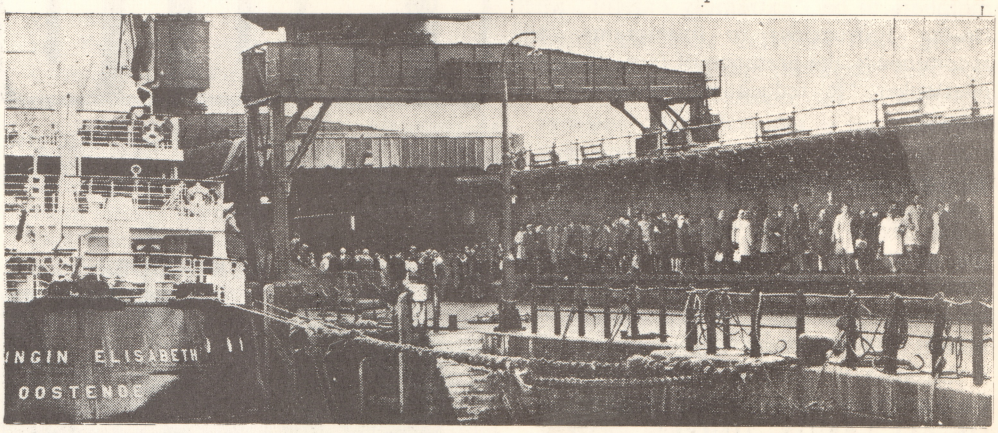
But we are bound to say that with the Americans there seem to be too many instances on record of this kind of panic and indiscipline to be healthy for America or her allies.

Particularly for as long as these allies trust to American protection in a future world war rather than rely on their own manpower and their own weapons.

Tell-Tale Queue

Pictured below is a queue of Belgians landing at Folkestone for the simple purpose of going on a shopping expedition!

One family included among the shoppers is that of Maria Louisa Van Bever-Schepens of Ghent. She visited a Folkestone supermarket and bought 40 items totalling £11. 19. 4d. She was delighted. Back home the same items would have cost £21. 17. 5d.



Common Market citizens queue to shop in Britain.

At the same time she was kicking herself for buying a pair of shoes in Belgium the week before. She saw a similar pair in Folkestone for £3. 10. 0d.

Mrs. Van Bever-Schepens was one of a large party that had come over from Belgium purely for the purpose of shopping in Britain. So much cheaper are the everyday domestic items here that it is well worth paying the cross-channel fare to come and buy them.

If we join the Common Market this is one little piece of business that Britain will certainly lose.

International Chaos

The decision by ELDO, the European Space Club, to abandon the Hawker Siddeley Blue Streak rocket has dealt a crippling blow to the missile industry in Britain.

This comes on top of a whole series of failures in the field of international air and space collaboration. A deal with France to build a helicopter jointly for the British and French services has been nearly wrecked by French withdrawal of orders for 150 of the planes.

When BAC proposed building an all-British airliner called the 211, the French put pressure on the Government to scuttle it. They succeeded because the Government was then keen to build a different plane with France and Germany. It later withdrew from that project, which is now dominated by France.

France is now using Common Market politics to prevent production of another highly promising British airliner — the 311.

In Rome French agents are at work trying to pressurise Italy into quitting the British-German-Italian partnership to build a new all-European combat plane called the MRCA. They are also working on the Germans. Their purpose is to kill the project and promote the sale of French planes. Now Germany's original promise to take 800 of the planes has been cut to a maximum of 420 and may be reduced even further. The scrapping of MRCA seems ever more likely.

The truth is that the international approach to aircraft and missile development is just not working.

Britain would be well advised to adopt the principle that has served her well in the past and which has given a world lead to America today — Do it yourself!

Behind Black Power...

A year or so ago we wrote in *Spearhead* that one of the principal reasons for the Communist backing of coloured immigration into Britain was that the Communists regarded the Blacks as their principal stormtroops for future revolutions. This has certainly proved true in America, where militant Black Power elements have provided the most vicious and violent participants in red organised demonstrations. It is now happening in Britain, as any glance at the red mobs in Grosvenor Square or Trafalgar Square will confirm.

The native workers of Britain, like those of America and most parts of the Western world, are no longer fair game for Communist propaganda and are inclining more and more towards the patriotic Right. For the suckers who will swallow their lies and help them promote disorder the Communists are deliberately playing upon the resentments of students and coloured people. Behind the slogans of 'Black Power' lies the sinister reality of **Red Power.**

PETER Mc MENEMIE

FRONT FACTS

TROUBLE AT T'MILL

Assaults on overlookers at Yorkshire mills are becoming a serious problem, says the Bradford-based Managers' and Overlookers' Society in its Annual Report. "Of some cases taken to court," says the Report, "we have not done too well and in some cases the attacker has got off scot free. They are mainly immigrants, and magistrates appear to have no wish to upset the Race Relations Board." The Report goes on to warn its members to be "extremely careful" when issuing instructions to immigrants, and recommends the presence of more than one overlooker "to reduce the chances of an attack".

MUSICAL CHAIRMAN

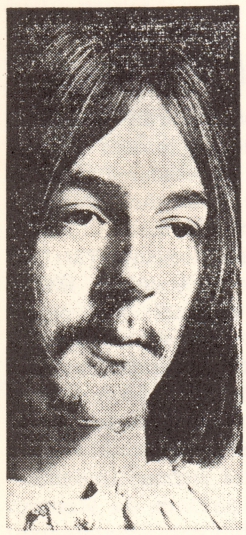
All lovers of good music will welcome the news that an LP record of Chairman Mao's quotations, with choral and accordian accompaniment, is now on sale at a Maoist bookshop in London.

LAVATORY FREQUENTERS OF ALL LANDS, UNITE!

Equally welcome news for socialists, socialites, educationalists, workers and first nighters appeared in the *Morning Star* on April 20th:-

> THE toilets at the Harry Pollitt Memorial Youth Centre are nearly complete. Book now for socials, schools, work weekends, etc. Details: 16 King St., WC2 or 01-504 9367.

FROM TRASH TO PIE AND MASH



Eighteen-year-old Peter Hallett is making his first attempt at the Hit Parade with a record called 'Peace'. Peter hopes that "people will listen to it and think about the words". Hiding behind the rather weird frontage (left) is another burning ambition. "My plan to open a pie and mash shop is very serious", insists Peter.

A FRIEND IN NEED ETC.

In a much publicised speech, the Kenyan Finance Minister says that Britain and Kenya must have a "fundamental understanding". The speech came very shortly after Britain had agreed to cancel Kenya's debt to her of £13½ million. At the same time it was agreed that Britain would give Kenya another £11½ million over the next two years.

BLESS THIS BLACK HOUSE

"An extremely fruitful visit" was how Bishop Trevor Huddleston described his unsolicited visit to the "Black House", the Black Power complex in North London run by ex-Rachman rent collector, ex-pimp and ex-convict Michael Abdul Malik, formerly Michael X. On his visit Huddleston is believed to have offered "financial assistance" to the Black House. A few days later Malik and a group of his Black House colleagues appeared in court on robbery charges.

DISCRIMINATION

Indian "untouchables" in Britain are fed up with being discriminated against by their higher caste Hindus. A big rally was held at the Wulfrun Hall, Wolverhampton, recently for the purpose of "mobilising all Indian untouchables to smash Hindu Imperialism"

CARRYING COALS ETC.

As British miners are thrown out of work "because the demand for coal is falling" smokeless fuel distributers report that coal supplies are scarcer than ever. Some firms are up to six months behind with their orders because of the shortage. The National Coal Board is importing smokeless coal briquettes from France to remedy the situation at a price far in excess of the briquettes which Welsh mines could provide. The French, incidentally, import the coal for their briquettes at a giveaway price—from Welsh mines.

POSTMEN'S KNOCK

The totally unsatisfactory British Standard Time has been foisted on this country for no other reason than that it brings us into line with Europe. Among many other results: the accident rate amongst postmen —who have to work considerably longer in the dark—has doubled.

"...AND THE HEAVENS DID REND ASUNDER TO SMITE THE WICKED"

Amongst the many Good Men working to stop the South African cricket tour is the Bishop of Gloucester. He has beseeched his flock to pray for rain to stop play.

** Regular Feature*

RACE RELATIONS MADHOUSE

The British Publishing Corporation has received a letter on Race Relations Board notepaper warning it that the book in its *Noddy* Series, *Gollywogs in the Dark Woods*, is a gross incitement to toddlers to racial hatred. The Race Relations Board is denying that it is responsible for the letter.

LEO ABSE ON VIRILITY

"Racial prejudices and hatred of coloured immigrants are the masked fears of sexual impotency", argued Labour MP Leo Abse in a Commons speech. "This expresses itself in pornography from our Midland racialists, which reveals the fear they have of the potency of the black man, and the sex rivalry of those uncertain of their own Wolverhampton virility." Mr. Abse commented on the constant concern of racialists over the immigrant birth-rate. "These people," he explained, "are really asking how many times a week coloured men copulate." Summing up, Abse noted: "if there were fewer eunuchs we would have fewer Enochs." Mr. Abse, who will be remembered as the MP who sponsored the bill to legalise homosexuality, is pictured right.

IVOR BENSON

The Science of Revolution

One of a series of talks given on South African Radio, 1963

NO-ONE needs to be told there is such a thing as a science of war. It is a science covering a great range of different activities, all of which form part of the conduct of warfare. Infantry, artillery, armour, logistics, engineering, political and psychological warfare under these and many other headings a vast amount of theory and detailed instruction has been accumulated down the centuries and kept thoroughly up to date.

There is even a philosophy of war, in which some of the finest minds have distilled out of centuries of experience the basic principles and the kind of thinking that make for success in warlike operations.

Is there a soldier who has not heard of Von Clausewitz and his principles of war?

I remind you about the science of war only because I want to convey an adequate impression of another science that has come into existence in the present century, a science of which millions of people are still totally unaware.

I refer to the Science of Revolution, something just as comprehensive, every bit as thoroughgoing as the older Science of War.

This Science of Revolution was brought to a high degree of usefulness by the Bolsheviks in Russia and was used first on a major scale against the Czarist regime and the regime that followed it.

Its development since then, we may be sure, has kept pace with developments in every other branch of science and technology, drawing into its service some of the most gifted minds of the twentieth century.

ANOTHER BRANCH

The question might well be asked: is Communism perhaps not only another branch of the Science of War?

As a kind of warfare it is so different from war as we have always known it that I think it would be wiser to consider it as something quite apart.

The Communist Science of Revolution is something that does not belong to the spirit and culture of Western Europe. To us it is something alien, almost incomprehensible. It is something against which we must learn to defend ourselves but which we could never find it in our hearts to use against others.

Therefore, I think, we must consider Communism not as a legitimate extension of the Science of War but rather as a new Science of Revolution, something that never existed before and has therefore caught large areas of the world wholly unprepared.

For Communism in this aspect is essentially a product of physical inferiority, replacing strength and courage as the deciding factor in any struggle with pure intelligence or cunning.

The Communist Science of Revolution makes war without declaring war, aiming always to conquer a nation without even giving it a chance to fight.

ERUPTIONS OF DISCONTENT

Revolutions there have always been, but nearly always they were spontaneous eruptions of discontent that could only succeed if they found immediate and overwhelming support. Indeed, it is almost a habit of mind with most of us to think of a revolution as something that breaks out suddenly and spontaneously—and not as something elaborately planned and conducted from without.

Nations which hitherto could only be overthrown by other nations attacking them from without can now, unless they are wide awake to the danger, be overthrown from within.

Napoleon with his Grand Army could not conquer Russia. Hitler, with one of the greatest attacking forces ever assembled, also failed. But a highly disciplined group of a few thousand trained Communists, few of them Russians, were able to conquer Russia from within.

As Lenin said at the time, "If only one thousand people in St. Petersburg had known what we were about we could never have succeeded".

How then can a nation defend itself against the Science of Revolution? There can be no defence that does not begin with a thorough insight into its philosophy and techniques.

The magic that defeats Communism is a knowledge that disables the enemy's cunning. All defence, in the final analysis, is defence against deception.

And the first step towards such knowledge is to recognise the existence of a thoroughgoing Science of Revolution.

Only when we have clearly grasped that fact shall we have the necessary incentive to explore Communism in a systematic, scientific way, producing in the end the perfect defence—a Science of Anti-Communism.

REVOLUTIONARY LITERATURE

An immense quantity of Communist revolutionary literature has been seized by the security police in every country in which the Communist world conspiracy has been conducted—and that leaves out none that I know of.

There are hundreds of training manuals on every imaginable subject and Communists in non-Communist countries are taught the most ingenious ways of undermining the established order and of promoting the Communist cause of world domination.

Let us just dip into this Communist schoolwork for a sample of the kind of advice that is given to Communists outside Russia.

Here is a manual that was seized in the United States a couple of years ago, containing a great deal of carefully tabulated advice. It was prepared, so we are told on the inside cover, by Lavrenti Beria, the Head of the Soviet Secret Police, who finally got what he had so frequently prescribed for others—liquidation.

This 64-page manual comes under the heading of psycho-political warfare, obviously one of the most important departments of the Science of Revolution.

And here is some advice given to Communist operators working in the U.S. as psychologists and psychiatrists:-

"With the institutions for the insane you have in your country prisons which can hold a million persons and can hold them without civil rights or any hope of freedom. Upon these people can be practised shock and surgery so that never again will they draw sane breath."

INSTRUMENT OF WAR

Where the Science of Psychology has always been regarded by us as having to do with the healing of minds, the Communists have developed it also as an instrument of war, as a means of putting opponents out of action.

By exploring the stimulus-response mechanisms of the mind, they have been able to devise means of destroying the will of the individual, leaving him alive and apparently unharmed but reduced to helpless docility.

This solves a problem that has defied the

Contd. on Page 7

JOHN TYNDALL

In Defence of 'Extremism'

"FORWARD THE EXTREMISTS" was the title given to the leading article in the journal *Candour* last February. The article was well timed and the theme appropriate. Fear of 'extremism' has for far too long provided an excuse for a flabby attitude to Britain's political problems, and it might be said at the same time that such a fear of extremism on the Right has left the field free for the much more rampant and dangerous extremism of the left.

It is time, I think, to analyse this far too loosely employed term and to arrive at a correct and fair definition of it.

The first thing to recognise about the term 'extreme' is that it must always be a relative one—relative, that is, to where you stand. If you stand with your feet on the Equator such places as the Shetland Islands to the North and the Falkland Islands to the South represent geographical extremities. But if you travel North to London the Shetlands come to represent a much lesser extremity and the Falklands a much greater one. In the political context we do likewise. We define our extremities according to the current location of our centre of gravity.

In normal times, that is to say times when society is fairly stable, the position of one's country is fairly secure, when crime, disorder and discontent are kept within reasonable limits and when the political climate is one in which issues are approached in a rational spirit, when dangerous subversive factions are absent from the scene and the national good the final criterion of every political controversy—in such times it is possible to establish a centre of gravity that is truly central, to define the ideas and actions that lie far to the left and far to the right of it as 'extreme' and to say with some correctness that people representing such ideas and actions are dangerous to the health of society and not deserving of respectability.

But that happy state is not remotely like the one in which we live today. We live in a decidedly **unstable** society with anti-social and subversive elements not only on the increase but in some sectors virtually in control, a society from which a rational spirit has been almost extinguished by the impact of mass propaganda, a society in which to talk of the 'national good' is to talk, not of something which is an accepted measure of judgement among all shades of political opinion, but of something which in many quarters is considered sinful.

We live in fact in a society that is fast approaching a political and moral madhouse, a society in which all values considered 'normal' and 'respectable' at most times in our history have been turned upside down. In such a situation who is to say just where the desired centre of gravity lies, and who, by virtue of standing in a position far removed from that centre of gravity, is an extremist?

The agents of subversion and disorder, with their decisively powerful apparatus of propaganda, have in fact themselves decided. They have uprooted the traditional centre of gravity and shifted it, almost imperceptably, towards the Left — to the point where what used to be Left is now Centre, what used to be far Left is now just a little Left, what used to be Centre is now Right and what used to be Right is now—extreme!

BEMUSED

In our bemused state of mind we have, instead of relying on our own judgement, allowed the question of what is extreme to be determined by the opinion makers and fashion setters of the Left!

In such a situation the gap separating 'extremists' and 'moderates' of the same political camp has become something entirely different to what it used to be. In former times the gap was between people who held to a rational and balanced view of a particular philosophy and sought to promote it by strictly humane and lawful means—and people who carried that philosophy to ridiculous exaggeration and sought its promotion by illegality, brutality and violence.

Now the gap is between people who inwardly believe in the philosophy and know it to be right but who are terrified to be heard saying it or seen promoting it—and people who not only know it to be right but propound it and fight for it on all occasions and with every means in their power.

The former, to ingratiate themselves with those who dictate opinion, will always make concessions from out of the heart of the philosophy. They will introduce compromises into it which, if seriously considered, are utterly incompatible with its true substance. To square their consciences they deceive themselves that they are simply holding to the philosophy in a rational and balanced form. In fact they are diluting it, poisoning it and steadily weakening it.

The latter are concerned to ingratiate themselves with nobody but to stand fast on what they know is right and by their own leadership, persuasion and firm example to convince others that it is right.

This today is what 'moderation' and 'extremism' have come to mean, and the two terms are indicative not so much of two points of view but of two types of human character.

Wilfred Sendall, columnist of the *Daily Express* was near to the heart of the matter when he wrote recently: "It is a fact of political life that the most devoted constituency workers in both parties tend to be the extremists. In the case of the Tories it is the Right wing, in the case of Labour, the Left."

The same tendency can be observed in the trade unions. The extreme Left elements get control because they are the most zealous workers, the most regular ones in attendance at meetings, the most passionate and uncompromising fighters for their cause.

The Left, during its half-century or so of universal conquest, has not been afraid of those on its extremities. On the contrary, it has recognised them as its driving force. Today by the subtle shift in the political centre it is able to present such extremities as not extreme at all!

The Right, on the other hand, is still petrified and mesmerised at the sound of the word—to the point where it confuses between the extremist who is a lunatic, a law breaker and a bomb thrower and the 'extremist' so-called by its enemies simply because he is an uncompromising adherent of his faith and prepared to dedicate his life to serving it.

RIGHT TAMELY ABIDES

The Left dictates to the Right what the definition of 'extremism' will be. And the Right tamely abides by that definition!

The genuine right-wingers who form the hard core of Tory constituency workers are made good use of when they are needed but they are never allowed to penetrate into the senior circles of the party where policy is decided. They are regarded with contempt as the party's hewers of wood and drawers of water. Thus has the Tory Party been divested of all the driving energy, faith and conviction that are necessary to make it an effective force in politics. It has, in plain words, destroyed the foundation for its existence. Its leaders play at politics for the sake of career, of social recognition or just of amusement — never for the sake of any great cause. How can they? There isn't any great cause left.

Everything in the party that might represent such a cause has been cast out as 'extreme'.

It is imperative that we should recognise what a different meaning this term 'extremism' has obtained from that of former times, that now it is not the badge just of the wild eyed fanatic but in most cases of the patriot who is prepared to resist to his last gasp the take-over of his country by Communists, Anarchists and their allies.

To run away from 'extremism' today is to completely miscalculate the nature of the forces we are up against. There is no parallel between these forces and the kind of opposition one expects to encounter in a normal stable democracy. In the latter one can dispute and argue without recourse to militancy because one is disputing and arguing within a certain framework of common values and objectives, these being the betterment of society and the broader interests of the nation.

VICIOUS

But what we are faced with today is a vicious and ruthless machine of revolution that recognises none of the ethics of Anglo-Saxon democracy and which is interested not in the betterment of society but the overthrow of society, not in the broader interests of the nation but in the destruction of the nation.

To oppose such forces with moderation is not dignified or virtuous; it is a criminal dereliction of duty. To oppose them to the utmost extreme is not immoral; it is the only course open to a self-respecting patriot.

Today the label of extremism falls most heavily on the National Front.

It does so simply and purely because the National Front has become the movement around which have rallied the most uncompromising patriots and the staunchest fighters for the British cause, because there is not in the National Front any sign of a willingness to water down policies that are known to be essential to national survival or to half-state truths that need to be stated in full. Within the current context of extremism — a context which the Left itself has established — it should be the pride of all NF members to be called extremists and not only that — it should be a matter of guilt to any person opposed to the Left that he is not labelled as extreme.

Our country and the very civilisation with which it is bound up are faced with an extreme peril. To meet that peril calls for extreme effort and extreme sacrifice, and these things can only come from extreme strength of conviction — conviction that Britain is worth the effort and the sacrifice, conviction that the perils that threaten her cannot be bargained with but must be destroyed.

This is what extremism means today.

The Science of Revolution

Contd. from Page 5

criminal mind since the beginning of time, that of disposing of the body. The body is left alive — that which matters most, the will, is killed.

The people who appear in Russian courts from time to time on political charges must be seen as the victims of some of these techniques. For how else are we to explain the fact that they invariably plead guilty, and in parrot fashion make a long recital of their crimes?

Christian martyrs have continued to assert their beliefs even while being burned at the stake. There are records of men and women who continued to defy their tormentors and to proclaim their faith even after most of their limbs had been burned away. That was because the will, the noblest part of man, remained untouched.

THE NEW PSYCHOLOGY

The new psychology, one of the most effective instruments of the Communist Science of Revolution, takes great care that rebels will never again figure as martyrs, as a light and inspiration to others.

They do this by breaking the will, leaving the rest of the man intact — even when they mean to liquidate him in the end.

It is the broader strategy of the Communist Science of Revolution that calls more urgently for attention in South Africa.

Under this heading the most significant fact of all is that, with few exceptions, the Communist offensive is no longer being aimed at the masses.

Karl Marx always imagined that the poor, discontented working classes who were a familiar part of the scene in the early days of industrialisation would always be the main instrument of revolt against the prevailing order.

He was wrong. Poverty has been virtually wiped out in the industrialised countries of the West. Workmen, to use Mr. Harold Macmillan's favourite phrase, "never had it so good".

Communism has therefore had to amend its entire strategy.

Its main targets today are the rootless, spiritually disoriented, frustrated, bewildered, frightened educated classes — those who find themselves without a genuine religious faith.

Many of the people belonging to these classes have become a weak element in the population. Some of them are very clever and highly educated, in different ways — like the traitors Klaus Fuchs and Bruno Pontecorvo — but they are all weak in instinct, weak in that shared faith and feeling that make for social and political cohesion, the organic unifying principle in mankind.

They are the victims of a process of spiritual and intellectual erosion and disintegration: they are people persecuted by a sense of the futility of existence.

TARGET AREA

Most frequently to be found in this group are journalists, scientists, teachers (especially in the realm of pure science and higher education) and ministers of religion. People from these categories occur in Communism's target area out of all proportion to their number in the community.

The purpose of this assault on the weakest elements in the population is not to destroy them, we may be sure, but to set them up as the most admirable, most respectable and most influential representatives of the community.

The aim is simple: to delude the masses by working on and intensifying the delusions of the spiritually sick educated minority, making the whole nation sick by fostering and cultivating the sickness that is already there.

Meanwhile, dedicated Communists not necessarily of the sincere believing kind work their way into organisations of every imaginable kind where their influence can produce the maximum effect.

All this is part and parcel of the Communist Science of Revolution.

TRAINED COMMUNISTS

In the theatre, in the press, in the trade union movement, even in legitimate political parties — wherever trained Communists find themselves they know what is expected of them. All they have to do is remember what they have been taught.

One of the most effective of all is the Communist lawyer — the man trained to manipulate the law in such a way as to protect Communists and advance the Communist cause.

What the Communist lawyer needs before all else is a system of law geared to peace, in which subversives and saboteurs are treated as common offenders. Such a system, tunnelled through and through with legalistic loopholes through which Communists can pass with ease, he proudly calls the "Rule of Law". What he fears and hates most, because it calls his bluff, is a system of law which invokes the code of war, treating Communist conspirators not as common offenders but as dangerous enemies of the nation.

To defeat the Communists we must know them and know their ways — because, being always a tiny minority in any population, they are powerless when no longer hidden, when no longer able to deceive.

VE+25

Tyranny

We went to war to destroy a brutal tyranny.

By means of the war we have promoted, in the form of the Soviet Empire, a tyranny as brutal as any that has existed in modern times, a tyranny that has accounted for the deaths of at least four times as many human beings as the 6 million Jews attributed to Hitler.

The Soviet tyranny is in addition much more dangerous than Nazi Germany since it commands much more extensive territory and resources and because it is international in its objectives. Hitler wanted to dominate a large part of Europe. The Soviets aim to dominate the entire world.

Before the war the Soviet Empire was confined to Russia. As a result of the war and through our help in the war it now extends halfway across Europe. It freely acknowledges that there are no limits to its ambitions. In the words of Mr. Kruschev, it intends to bury us.

Small Nations

We went to war to defend the rights of small nations.

And most of the small nations that were to be defended are now conquered and enslaved. Poland, on whose behalf we declared war in 1939, has been firmly under the Soviet heel ever since the war ended. Czechoslovakia, almost a casus belli in 1938 and indirectly another cause of the war that did break out a year later, is no better off, as the events of 1968 made clear. In 1939 the little Baltic states, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania were free. Now they are part of the Soviet Union. Hungary, Bulgaria and Roumania are also Soviet satellites.

One might add to this list a great many more small nations that are part of the American Empire in everything but name and have not much more effective rights than those we fought the war to liberate.

When London burned —for what?

Aggression

We had to fight for the principle that armed agression was illegal according to the code of international law.

We have not fought very firmly for this principle since. It was of course the Red Army that brought Communism to Eastern Europe and it has been the Red Army that has kept it there. When the Hungarians in 1956 and the Czechs in 1968 tried to rebel armed aggression stamped them out. We did not consider it our duty to fight on these occasions.

Armed aggression was of course involved in the Communist invasion of South Vietnam. It has been resisted halfheartedly by America and Australia and by no-one else to date.

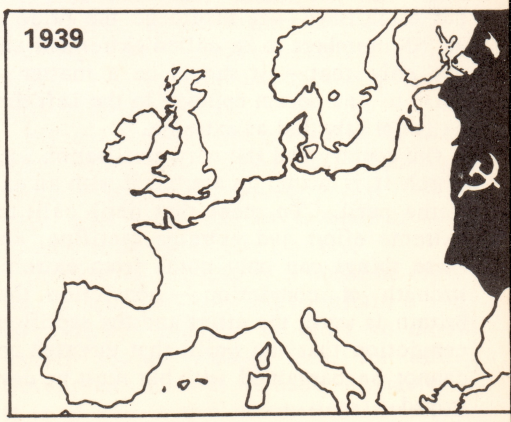
India a few years ago carried out a wanton act of aggression against Goa—another small nation, or at least a possession of one—Portugal. 'International law' was not on this occasion defended. There has been Chinese aggression against Tibet, aggression on both sides in the Arab-Israeli conflict, aggression in Central America. The world has not rushed to intervene. An armed aggressor stands as much chance of getting away with it as in the 1930s, depending of course on his political colouring.

Balance of Power

Britain had to maintain the balance of power principle. We could not allow the existence of a dominant power on the Continent.

And have we succeeded in this today? What does Soviet Russia represent but a dominant power on the Continent of Europe! Whatever the merits of this tradition of foreign policy in modern times, it is a policy that we have quite clearly failed to make effective. We have on the Continent a power that upsets the old balance much more than Germany could ever have done.

Who Were Th



The Map of Europ

WHERE DO WE STAND?

Exactly 25 years ago this month World War II came to an end.

It has been said before that a truly retrospective history of an event cannot be written until at least this many years after it has happened, for time is needed for a proper crystallisation of the world to which it gives shape. Perhaps we are nearing the time now when the holocaust that came to an end in 1945 can be reassessed with this in view. The tactical and ethical aspects of that struggle have been given ample airing, but what about its overall legacy to mankind? Where do we stand today for all our labours and sacrifices?

Can we now look back and say that all or even most of the basic purposes for which we went to war have been realised? Can we say that the world that has arisen out of the ashes of 1945 is in any significant respect better than that which preceeded it? Does Britain's position in this new world reflect a real victory or a Pyrric one?

In this feature we examine some of the causes of conflict and assess the extent to which they have been resolved.

British Empire

We went to war to defend the British Empire.

Then why have we spent the following 25 years breaking the British Empire up?

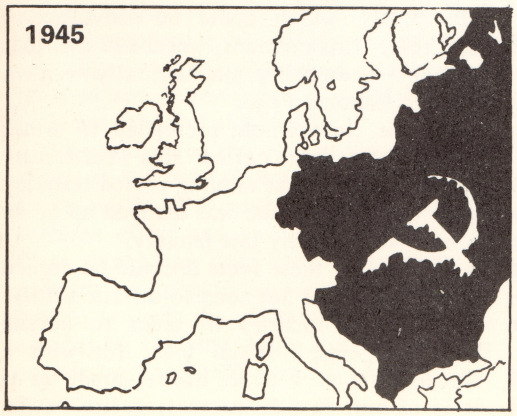
It was in 1947 that British imperial rule in India came to an end. Only two years before we had finished an exhaustive campaign against the Japanese in Asia specifically with the object of preventing them from penetrating our own spheres of influence in that continent, of which India was by far the largest and most important, and from threatening the Dominions of Australia and New Zealand. Following our surrender in India we began a process, which has continued to this day, of doing everything possible to encourage a weakening of ties with our kinsmen in the Antipodes. Our influence today in this latter part of the world could scarcely be less than if we had allowed it to be conquered by Japan.

In Africa the trend has been no different. Our position in Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika, Northern Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Nigeria and the Gold Coast (for the purpose of this analysis the old names of these territories are used) is no more than that of a financial benefactor. In the Middle East, where we went to great trouble to defeat Rommel, our position is no better than had Rommel won. We have now surrendered all influence in Rhodesia and South Africa.

Canada in the meantime has been left to the financial jackals of the United States and no longer flies the British flag.

TEHERAN CONFERENCE
Architects of victory —but whose victory?

e Real Victors?



e Tells its own Story

Sovereignty

We fought to ensure the freedom and sovereignty of Great Britain and to ensure that we would not be ruled from the Continent of Europe.

All three major parties today are committed to pursuing Britain's entry into the European Common Market, which is intended by its promotors to evolve towards a political United States of Europe whose capital may be Brussels, Rome or Paris but certainly will not be London. The Government of this United States of Europe is intended to have federal powers over its members in all matters of foreign policy, defence, trade, economic development and finance, and will in effect reduce our own Government in this country to a glorified local council.

Quite apart from Europe, our political leaders have committed themselves to the principle that national sovereignty is no longer desirable and have already effectively surrendered much of our own freedom of action to powers outside Britain. The majority of them not only welcome European Government but see this as a step to World Government.

It appears that it was right to defend British sovereignty and to oppose rule from Europe in 1940 but wrong to do so now!

Invasion

We fought to save Britain from invasion.

One look around the streets of London, Birmingham, Wolverhampton or Bradford is sufficient answer to that.

MARTIN WEBSTER

How Wilson Murdered Handley Page

THANKS to the treasonable policies of both Conservative and Labour governments, the destruction of Britain's aircraft industry (which once led the world) is almost complete.

The rot was started by the Conservative Government, which over 13 years scrapped 36 major defence projects at a cost of £281 million. This lunacy was exemplified by Duncan Sandys, who argued in a defence White Paper in 1957 that there was "no future for manned aircraft".

The outcome of Tory/Labour expenditure of endless millions is as follows:-

(1) We have no long-range bombers whatsoever.

(2) Our front line striking force is equipped entirely with American machines.

(3) We are not producing a single major all-British military or civil aircraft.

(4) There are no plans in hand for the development of a sophisticated military aircraft.

(5) The bulk of our long distance airline fleet relies on American aircraft.

(6) We have fallen behind France, Germany, Japan and even Holland in aerospace work.

Always the story has been the same. The Comet, the Victor, the Knat, the SR51, the VC10, the swing-wing fighter, the supersonic VTOL, the TSR2 — all have had huge sums spent on them then at the last moment the extra few millions which would have ensured their success in world markets was denied.

The classic case was that of the TSR2. On coming into power in 1964 Harold Wilson went to America to raise a 3,000 million dollar loan. The loan was given on the basis that Britain should scrap the TSR2 and use the money it had borrowed to buy inferior American aircraft. So the British taxpayer spent over £600 million on the TSR2 without receiving a single plane!

The final degradation for the British aircraft industry came with the deliberate murder by the Wilson regime of the Handley Page Aircraft Company. Wilson killed off Handley Page at the instructions of his international moneylending masters because the firm did not want to be absorbed by the Government/International Finance-backed consortia British Aircraft Corporation or Hawker Siddeley Aviation.

Government spokesmen have claimed that Britain can only sustain two aircraft firms if the industry's products are to compete on world markets and that therefore the fall of Handley Page was "inevitable". But the facts show that Handley Page could have survived had it not been for Government decisions (and sometimes indecision) which could only have had the purpose of destroying the firm.

The first such decision was taken when the Government refused to buy the Handley Page Dart-Herald transport for the RAF. Apart from forcing the RAF to take on a second-rate alternative, Britain lost millions of pounds worth of export orders for the civil version of the plane.

One of the most successful aircraft produced by Handley Page was the Hastings transport. About 90 of these planes were built, and coming into service in the early 1950s, they only started to be phased out 18 months ago. During their period of service they were all returned for complete reconditioning and in fact the last Hastings to be reconditioned only left the Handley Page factory at Radlett last year.

When it became known that the RAF was phasing out the Hastings the South African Government offered to buy 30 of them and pay for them to be reconditioned. This contract was worth £750,000 to Handley Page and would have enabled the firm to keep its head above water pending receipt of British Government contracts which it had reason to believe were in the offing.

The Government refused permission for the deal and thus the final prop was removed from the company.

GOVERNMENT ATTACKS

The Hastings affair was merely the last of the Government attacks on Handley Page. After the financial powers that be decided to destroy the firm for not falling into line with the giant consortia the Government cancelled its contract for Victor B2 bombers after only 35 had been built.

Experts agree that the Victor B2 would have been much more efficient in the TSR role than the Vulcan which is currently in service, but a TSR modification to the Victor would have meant giving a substantial contract to Handley Page.

Following the curtailment of the Victor order it dawned on the Government that the 30 or so Victors in service would have to undergo routine reconditioning and maintenance by Handley Page. In order to deny the company this business it was decided to phase out the whole Victor B2 fleet.

All that Handley Page could salvage from this attack was an insignificant contract to keep the phased out Victors at Radlett on "care and maintenance". If you go by train past the Handley Page factory you can see many of these magnificent planes parked on the grass by the landing strips, slowly rusting away.

TSR 2 Another Victim of the Wilson Axe

With this and the trouble experienced with the Jetstream project, Handley Page was in serious financial difficulties. There were only two rays of hope. The first was the Hastings deal with South Africa, discussed above. The second was the realisation that the obsolete Victor B1 bombers, which had been converted into tankers for in-flight refuelling, would have to be replaced soon by — reasonably and logically — B2s, which could be converted to that role. This contract, worth £22 million, should — reasonably and logically — have gone to Handley Page.

But the Government pretended to dither over what they called this "difficult" decision and in the ensuing period Handley Page went broke and was snapped up by an American company last January.

In view of these facts it could be argued that Britain does not need to sustain a military aircraft industry in order to defend herself against foreign foes, for with a Government such as we have — made up as it is of anti-British internationalists — who needs enemies?

JOHN BEAN

EUROPE: Can We Afford To Ignore It?

IT cannot be repeated too often that a party of unanimous opinion is a party of one. Similarly, a party that is no more than three members strong will evolve its own 'right wing', 'left wing' and 'centre'.

A healthy party is one that has harnessed its respective wings to its centre as part of an organic whole. An unhealthy party, carrying its own seeds of disruption, is one that, far from being an organic whole, is an agglomeration of several distinct movements whose members hold common opinions on only one or two major issues.

For this reason the effectiveness of protest groups, whether they be concerned with capital punishment, anti-immigration or anti-Common Market, will always be limited because they can never appeal to more than a minority who consider the particular issue of protest sufficiently all important to give it their support. When the protest movement reaches its maximum growth, or impact, it must then start to decline. At this juncture those leaders who can read the signs of impending decay will sometimes try and harness their movement to another — though different — protest group. But then comes dissension.

Fortunately, to aid the growth of the National Front there is such a thing as a syndrome of the Right, as there is of the Left. This means, for example, that a person who has regard for his country usually has regard for his race. The same person will probably deplore the liberal-leftist gutter abuse of his kinsmen in Rhodesia and South Africa; he will resent the growing intrusion of socialist rules and regulations into his working and private life; he will most probably support law and order and believe in sterner punishment for the law-breakers. The Left-wing syndrome will be the reverse of the above.

However, where the British Right-wing syndrome does not run true to form is on the question of Europe. Attitudes range from those who contend that "Wogs begin at Calais" to those who not only support Britain's participation in the Common Market but believe in a supra-national European Parliament—yet would be most incensed at being described as camp-followers of the insidious agents of World Government, to which European Government is just a step.

MORE FLEXIBLE

It is the writer's opinion that the National Front can afford to carry, to its advantage, a radical wing with a more flexible view towards Europe than its present orthodox line of complete rejection of all involvement in Europe.

By a "more flexible view" we do not advocate British entry into the Common Market: not least because it is the brain-child of international finance rather than of the European folk. However, this should not preclude our participation in mutually advantageous trading agreements with the Western European nations, so long as these allow us the right to protect our own agricultural interests and existing agreements, particularly in relation to food and raw materials, with the British nations of the Commonwealth. Such trading agreements could be encompassed within an extension of the European Free Trade Area (EFTA), which does **not** usurp the member countries' national sovereignty as does the Common Market but aids them to trade in markets where they are natural customers to each other instead of natural competitors.

The National Front rightly attacks NATO on the grounds that effective control of our national defence is in American hands, and apart from the threat to both from the Soviet Union Britain and America have **no other** common strategic interests. A common interest **does** exist amongst the British and other European peoples in the desire for independence from both the two leading power blocs, and to live in friendship with each other after centuries of insane bloodshed.

Even a union of Britain with all the overseas British lands could neither numerically or strategically guarantee military independence from either America or Russia—to say nothing of the ever-growing threat of China. There must therefore be a **close** military alliance with Europe, giving a situation whereby with the existence of a numerically strong European power-base the existence of the overseas lands of British stock becomes a strategic **advantage**.

Finally, it is not without significance that many members of the National Front have joined the ranks initially on the question of coloured immigration, for this reflects the way in which world events are tending to become more and more dominated by the clash of racial differences, with China attempting to put herself at the head of the Afro-Asian races in an eventual war of annihilation against the White man. This alone is sufficient reason why the National Front cannot continue to ignore the rest of Europe, of which we are racially and culturally a part.

In putting forward these perhaps controversial views on our attitude to Europe the writer hopes that the rather lengthy, but necessary, preamble has shown that it is not done with any desire to 'rock the NF boat'. It is to show that we can still retain our Britishness and control of our own destiny whilst recognising the necessity of our common accord with our fellow Europeans.

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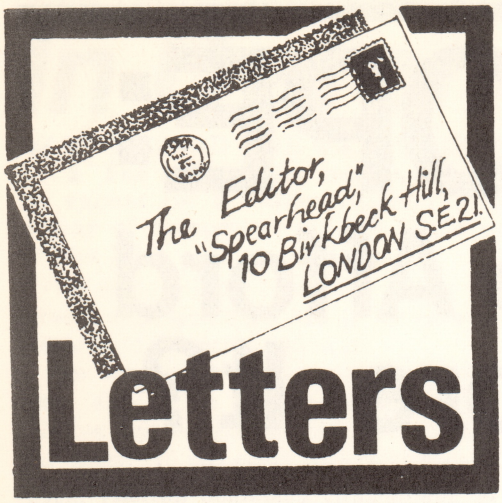

SIR: Here are some quotations which may signpost future political development:-

Dr. Huddleston: "I do not think that the best interests of this country are served by treating the issue of race and colour conflict on a purely national basis. This is a world issue and therefore you (Enoch Powell) ought to think before you speak of its effect on the greater part of mankind, which is the coloured part of mankind."

Pastor Niemoller: "At the end of the century there will be 1,800 million whites and 5,200 million non-whites in the world. In 100 years time whites will play no major part in the deciding of international affairs."

James Paul Warburg: "We shall have world government whether or not we like it. The question is only whether world government will be achieved by consent or conquest."

From these quotations it appears that if world government does come the white minority will always be outvoted by the coloured majority. As I see it, world government spells disaster for the white race.

B. T. LEWIS
Penarth, Glam.

SIR: Some most unusual items of information have recently come into my possession, which I feel your readers would find of interest:-

Both US Presidents Kennedy and Lincoln were concerned with Civil Rights. Lincoln was elected in 1860, Kennedy in 1960. Both their wives lost children through death whilst in the White House.

Both were killed on a Friday in the presence of their wives and both were shot in the head from behind.

Their successors, both named Johnson, were Southern Democrats and both in the Senate. Andrew Johnson, Lincoln's successor, was born in 1808. Lyndon Johnson, Kennedy's successor, was born in 1908.

John Wilkes Booth, Lincoln's killer, was born in 1839. Lee Harvey Oswald, Kennedy's alleged assassin, in 1939. Both were Southerners favouring unpopular ideas. Both were murdered before their trials and both had 15 letters in their names.

Lincoln's secretary, whose name was Kennedy, advised him not to go to the theatre. Kennedy's secretary, whose name was Lincoln, advised him not to go to Dallas.

John Wilkes Booth shot Lincoln in the theatre and ran to a warehouse. Oswald shot Kennedy from a warehouse and ran to a theatre.

A. MARSHALL
London S. W. 4.

SIR: Would it be of interest to you to know that since the march by the National Front through Southall a strange silence seems to have descended on the town? How long this will last is anyone's guess. All I know is that the party's efforts seem to have had an effect which this town needed.

Thank you to all who participated in this, and I hope that this will only be the beginning of the tonic that this town needs.

GRACE WOODS
(Secty. Southall and District Residents Association)

SIR: In a letter concerning how ordinary British people feel about the invasion of their country by coloured immigrants, which was published in my local paper, I said:

".....Before Hitler took over any country he bought over the people in high places (Quislings) and infiltrated Fifth Columnists to eliminate resistance from the populace. Many people like me feel that the pattern is repeating itself in Britain.

"There are those in high places whose ideology comes before loyalty to the needs of their own people. Race Relations Boards have been set up to control the way we think, act, speak or decide. They fulfill the function of the Quislings.

"The present day Fifth Column has as its badge a scruffy appearance, long hair and a lack of decent behaviour. Its members parade around, shouting slogans, waving banners and battering down all who stand in their way."

To these comments I should like to add that during the last war I was placed in the position, under orders, where I had to execute collaborators and Quislings. I feel that when the time comes the officials of the Race Relations Board should be shown neither compassion nor mercy.

E. ADAMSON
Blackburn

SIR: Every time someone speaks about Spain in a realistic or objective manner a torrent of abuse is released by Marxists of both Right and Left.

For these anachronistic Socialists who are always about 20 years behind the times Spain is restricted to one word, one name —Franco. And he can never be forgiven for having trounced an Anarcho-Republican army, and afterwards with years of patient and skilful effort cured the tremendous wounds of the Givil War, also for having brought his country both order and a growing prosperity.

G. JONES
Wolverhampton

LETTER OF THE MONTH

Spearhead publishes the best letter to the press on National Front policy every month. Send your cutting to us not later than the 15th. of the month. You could win a £1 Nationalist Books voucher. This month's winner (below) was published in the *Western Gazette*.

Sir,—What utter nonsense Mr. L. Adlam wrote last week about Youth and Socialism. I fail to see how the result of one by-election in a Labour stronghold can prove to anyone that the young people of this country are moving to the Left. The result of this by-election is by no means indicative of a swing to Labour.

If Mr. Adlam had looked at the facts, instead of his Labour Party manual, he would have seen that the winning candidate was the first and only main party candidate to openly oppose the Common Market since 1966, and with 57% of the country saying no to the market it seems quite logical that an anti-marketeer would be successful.

This result can hardly be credited to the Labour Party who have disgraced us all by creeping and crawling to the European Governments, begging them to let us in, while our loyal friends in the white Dominions have been ignored and treated with derision in a disgusting manner.

I am 22, working class, and a member of the right wing National Front which opposes immigration and the Common Market. Many of our members are young people who have become thoroughly sick of the Socialist permissive society in which anything goes, drugs, abortion, homosexuality, pornography, and even black magic now.

We, like most young people, are fed up with the rantings and ravings of the Socialist students who are getting us all a bad name with their idiotic behaviour. Now they even want the pill supplied free, and grants for their bedmates. We pay them to work, not to make love, and it's about time someone told them so in no uncertain tones.

If they are the modern Socialists, then we reject Socialism utterly and completely. — PETE NASH, Neals Lane, Chetnole, Sherborne.

MARTIN WEBSTER
Trouble shooting

WHEN IS A THUG NOT A THUG?

What would happen, one wonders, if a column of National Front demonstrators, in attempting to attack a building, repeatedly charged lines of police, threw hammers, knives, broken bottles and other lethal objects and kicked wounded policemen while they were on the ground?

Without doubt, and quite rightly, as many as possible of them would be arrested and sent to prison. Furthermore, the national press would mount a campaign to have the whole NF Directorate arrested on conspiracy charges. For weeks afterwards the newspapers would be full of diatribes against "right-wing political thugs" — as they were after the Walthamstow incident, where only bags of flour, rotten tomatoes and a single alleged punch in the tummy were involved.

Yet what happened after a mob of Communists and other leftists went on the rampage in an attempt to storm the American Embassy last May 9th? Apart from 60 arrests, nothing. No shrill shrieks from the press about "political thugs". From the *Sunday Express* through to the *Observer* the only word used to describe the hammer throwing, knife wielding sadists was "demonstrators".

Nowhere was there to be found the slightest suggestion that the promotors of the disorder — who have been responsible for organising many similar violent incidents during recent months — be prosecuted for conspiracy to promote a riot or "organising and/or training and/or equipping a paramilitary body for the purpose of using physical force to achieve a political object". Oh no. The press dutifully and respectfully quotes the ringleaders as saying: "We didn't intend this violence — it's such a pity".

The most sickening example of this press bias towards the Left and against the Right was given by the *Sunday Times*. This 'quality' Sunday paper is never slow off the mark in denigrating National Front "extremists", but its report of the attack on police by Vietnam war demonstrators was contained in one short paragraph! On the same page was a twenty-paragraph story concerning the activities of a black 'agent provocateur' who was paid by the paper to go round police stations and see how willing the police were to deal with "trivial complaints" from black people against them.

Clearly the *Sunday Times* considers the willingness of the police to facilitate investigations of trivial complaints against them twenty times more important than the fact that 60 policemen had been injured by a left-wing mob.

The British public is ill served by its national press, and the *Sunday Times* is perhaps the worst of the whole poisonous bunch. Yet many people take this paper because they believe it is a 'middle-of-the-road' or even 'right-wing' journal. How many of its dutiful readers know, though, that one of its chief reporters once described himself (in conversation) as "to the left of Trotsky"?

THE BRITISH PROBLEM

Ronald Davison and his colleagues in the Wolverhampton NF branch are to be congratulated on their magnificent result in the recent municipal elections. In the full story of this event, which is featured on the NF in Action page, there is a note of gloom which is worth the earnest contemplation of all those who seek to save our nation from an eventual take-over by the black races.

While the Conservative candidate received 1,200 votes, between 500 and 600 of these came from coloured immigrants, so in fact more native Britons (733) voted National Front than Tory.

It would be tempting to say that the coloured immigrants kept the NF candidate out — and in a sense they did. For the first time in its history the Indian Workers' Association told its membership to vote Conservative. For the first time in the history of Wolverhampton elections Indian and Pakistani males brought their womenfolk to the polls. But despite all this it was not the immigrants who kept the NF man out of the Council chamber but the large portion of the white electorate that did not bother to go out and vote.

I was in Wolverhampton for this election, and some of the things I saw were frightening. An hour or so before the polling booths closed I positioned myself in the middle of a large complex of blocks of flats. There there was a polling booth, and to one side was the famous working men's club which recently had been prosecuted by the Race Relations Board. I observed two separate but steady streams of humanity.

One stream was made up of black and brown faces — the immigrants. They were marching to the polling booth, clutching Tory polling cards. The other stream was composed of white working people. Their destination? The club, where no doubt they spent the evening deploring the way in which the Race Relations Board tried to force them to accept immigrant members!

To be sure, Britain has an immigrant problem. But before this or any other problem can be solved we will have to set about solving the most frightening problem of all that we face — the British problem.

RIGHTS TO SURVIVE

Reasonable people do not dispute that the Jews have a right to nationhood. However, if the existence of Israel is contested it is up to the Israelis by their own feats of arms to secure survival. They should not attempt to involve other nations in their wars.

It can be said that the way the Zionists captured Palestine was so immoral that Israel has established no 'right' to survive, but I am afraid such considerations bear little relation to the way of the world. If they were applied universally then North America would have to be handed back to the Redskins. Strong civilisations exist at the expense of those which are either too primitive or too decadent to defend themselves. This sounds harsh, but it is the natural order of things.

What is disturbing about the case of Israel is the way its leaders and its supporters in the Zionist movement in other parts of the world try to persuade us that Israel is "part of the West", thereby implying that the nations of the West must be prepared to involve themselves militarily on Israel's behalf.

All the politicians in the Israel Lobby in America are opposed to American involvement in Vietnam. "Bring our boys home ..... stop dropping napalm bombs on innocent Vietnamese villagers" they cry — at rallies promoted by pro-Communist organisations. Yet these 'doves' are hawklike in their demands that America should give ever increasing military aid to Israel, including napalm bombs to drop on Arab villages.

Could it be that the Israel Lobby wants to stop American involvement in Vietnam because it knows that public opinion would not tolerate American involvement in two theatres and wants the American military machine to be free to commit itself totally to securing "Israel's right to survive"?

Local Polls Show Big NF Potential

NF candidates entered the municipal elections earlier this month knowing that they had only a very outside chance of winning any seats. The principal objects of the campaigns were to establish the candidates' names and that of the NF among local voters, to test out NF potential for the future and, not least, to train local NF organisations in election work. In all these objects the NF has reason to be greatly encouraged by the results.

The biggest individual success of all was that of Mr. Ronald Davison, standing in St. Peters, Wolverhampton. Mr. Davison polled 753 votes in a straight fight with the Tories, who obtained 1204 votes, giving the NF a percentage of 38½, the biggest yet in any election anywhere in Britain. But Mr. Davison's result is all the more remarkable if we bear in mind that an estimated number of 500 immigrants voted Tory on the urgent instructions of their community leaders, who went to frantic lengths to get all of them, wives included, to the polls. In actual fact the NF gained slightly more British votes than the Tories.

Ronald Davison

The greatest organisational achievement was in Huddersfield, where NF candidates stood in 13 out of 15 wards, totalling 4,113 votes out of 39,018 cast in the whole area. This represents a percentage of 10½, which would of course have been greater had the NF stood in the other two wards. The most successful candidate was Mr. John Mitchell in the Lindley ward, who obtained 571 votes (27 per-cent) in a straight fight with the Conservatives. In Dalton ward, on the other hand, Mr. Norman Mear fought a four cornered battle and obtained 495 votes (13 per-cent).

Norman Mear

The Huddersfield performance has been the work of a truly professional organisation which deserves our highest praise and in which the Mear and Lover families in particular have rendered wonderful service.

Praise is also due to Bristol, whose two candidates averaged 6½ per-cent in a first time effort, Michael Best defeating the Liberal in a five cornered contest in the Horfield ward.

All in all these results point to a tremendous potential on the part of the NF in the General Election, given adequate financial backing and plenty of hard work.

Railway Worker Gives Holiday Money to NF

DENNIS Horton, of Wallington, Surrey, is not an eminent figure in this country, nor is he even one of the more prominent personalities of the NF. But Mr. Horton, a railway signalman, symbolises from head to toe the vital spirit of the National Front as well as the unconquerable quality of the British people.

Mr. Horton walked into Head Office last month and handed in a bundle of pound notes, saying: "There's £50 there. I saved it for my holidays this year, but I'd rather the NF had it for the General Election Fund. My country is more important than a holiday."

Mr. Horton's £50 represented six months' hard saving: he had put away a couple of pounds every week so that he could go away and enjoy himself this summer.

How will he now spend his three weeks holiday this year? "It all depends on the weather," he says. "If it's fine I'll be out leaflet-bashing. If it's raining I'll be indoors addressing NF polling cards."

Dennis Horton's attitude is a prominent example of what NF members are prepared to do but he is not alone. Many members have pledged sums of money out of all proportion to their real means in order that the party may make the maximum possible impact at the Election. Some of them are old age pensioners who would rather forego their few simple treats from their meagre weekly incomes and give the money to the NF instead. There are other examples of young workers who have come into the office and handed the NF their entire week's pay packets in order to strengthen funds.

The National Front will be fielding as many candidates as possible in the General Election. Just how many depends on how much money can be raised. And money doesn't just fall out of the blue. It has to be given by ordinary NF members. The Election will be an expensive business, but if the funds are forthcoming for a really substantial number of candidates the NF has a chance of establishing itself once and for all as a major force in British politics.

Optimism, dedication, unselfishness, often sacrifice. These are the things that will bring our success. What will **you** give? No amount is too small. Every shilling will be put to the best possible use in helping an NF candidate to success at the polls. If you can help fill in your name below:-

To the Secretary, National Front, 92 Fleet Street, London E.C.4. I enclose a donation of £ : s d. to the NF General Election Fund.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

.....

MAY DAY MARCH

MAY Day in Trafalgar Square, traditionally the setting for meetings of the political Left, was for the second year running dominated by the banners of the National Front. The occasion this year was a rally organised by the Conservative Monday Club. About half of the crowd and 90 per-cent of the banners, however, came from the NF.

The speakers at the meeting dealt at great length on the law and order issue involved in the intended disruption by left wingers of the South African cricket tour, for which they were in the main part applauded by the NF contingent. Perhaps realising the derision that they would evoke from the NF, speakers conspicuously avoided the kind of liberal and internationalist utterances that are usually prominent in Monday Club propaganda.

After the meeting the National Front contingent set off on a march through London with over 200 members taking part. These were joined by a few of the more intrepid Monday Club supporters, including the Club's Nottingham branch.

Many new friends and converts were made during the rally.

A section of the march is pictured on the right.

NF marchers after May Day rally.

BUSY MONTH IN ESSEX

THIS last month has been one of the most intensive yet for the National Front in East London and Essex.

A new group has been formed in Loughton which already has 15-20 members. This group, under the leadership of Tony Martin, has attracted considerable local press publicity; having started only a short time ago with Mr. Martin and one other friend sending out random letters to get local people interested.

A new NF group in Canvey Island has made front page headlines in local papers as a result of its having publicly exposed a local youth club as a front organisation of the Young Communist League.

New groups have also started in Southend and Dagenham.

At Colchester a lively debate with Young Liberals made the local press. At Redbridge Area Organiser Ron Tear increased his local election vote sixfold. The Area's industrial branch shows the fastest growth of all.

The tremendous work put in by the National Front in East London and Essex is an example to the whole country and we hope to do a feature shortly on this Area and its leading personalities in *Spearhead*.

HELP IS NEEDED

SPEARHEAD faces an urgent problem of administration.

We have spoken to readers before about the intensive work-load involved in the production of our journal: the editorial work, typesetting and lay-out. We can just manage to get this work done in time.

But in addition there is a growing burden involved in three other spheres: correspondence, folding and posting. Up to now these three sectors of work have been performed to a great extent by the same people as those involved in production.

We have got to the point where we just cannot carry on in this way.

Our production staff can only do their jobs properly if other tasks are taken off their hands. We are now appealing for new voluntary help to perform these tasks.

To help in correspondence requires possession of a typewriter and ability to use it. It involves dealing with fairly simple postal enquiries.

Folding involves the collating and folding of several thousand copies as they come off the presses, then the stapling of the copies, all of which is very simple work. The most convenient way of doing this job is to assemble a team of helpers at our offices in Tulse Hill every month. With a good number on the job it can be done very quickly. We need people who are prepared to come in for an evening and possibly two evenings every month at short notice.

Posting falls into two departments. First there is the addressing of envelopes carrying copies to our subscribers. We have helpers in this work and very good ones but they are asked to do too much and we must spread the load. This job can be done in your own home, and we are willing to deliver the envelopes to your door and take them from your door when done. Also there is the addressing of packages containing bulk supplies that are sent out to various distribution agents and NF groups.

The other task is to assemble the large number of addressed envelopes and packages, then carry them to the post office and hand them in. Single copies are taken in bulk and franked by the P.O. Packages of bulk supplies, because of varying size and weight, have to be separately stamped. To do this job involves coming to our office and requires your own transport.

We urgently need volunteers among our readers and sympathisers to take on these jobs. As an instance of how urgent, we can tell you that the reason why this May issue is again late in appearance is that, with other staff in short supply for various reasons, a great deal of this work in April had to be done by the Editor personally. Needless to say, work on the May issue fell behind and this issue would have come out even later than it has had the Editor not put on a spurt during the past three weeks and given up the whole of his spare time to getting the copy to press. As we have said, we just cannot carry on in this way.

We understand that many of our readers are active members of the National Front and give up a great deal of their time to working on its behalf. With elections in the offing this work is likely to increase. We do not want to take helpers away from the NF. It is preferable that our own helpers are either older people not engaged in active NF work or people who wish to keep out of the public limelight because of their jobs, etc., also that they live in South London. We badly need such people right now. Please write to us if you can help in any of the ways described.

GOVERNMENT ISSUES NEW SPONGERS' GUIDE BOOK

WITH a General Election in the offing, many people are wondering what new plans the Government has to restore dynamism to the national economy and get Britain properly working again. A book published this month by H.M. Stationery Office provides something of a clue.

The Book is called *A-Code*. It sells at 6/6d. and can accurately be described as an instruction manual for shirkers.

A-Code is an ABC to welfare sponging, written in such down-to-earth language that even a child could understand it. It has been published by the Government on the advice of welfare workers and unions, who say they must know all the ins and outs of the welfare state in order to get the best out of it.

It not only lists all the scale rates for supplementary benefit, rent allowance, etc. It also gives hints on a whole string of extra payments.

Think of the rush when the wide boys find they can demand money to buy new clothes and shoes under paragraph 80 of the code.

This paragraph says: "It may be necessary to award a lump-sum payment to meet an immediate need for clothing and footwear."

What's to stop them selling the stuff as soon as they've got it?

Paragraph 82 says: "Exceptional needs payments are made for major items of bedding and household equipment where these are necessary because existing items cannot be repaired.

"Or because items such as beds, matresses, tables, chairs, floor covering or gas cookers are required for the first time."

One family got a houseful of furniture under this rule recently. The WRVS supplied it. Social Security footed the bill.

Then as soon as the Social Security men turned their backs the family sold the lot and skipped to another town on the proceeds.

How often will the dodge be repeated now that the fiddlers "know their rights" down to the last pair of blankets?

The list of hand-outs *A-Code* reveals is incredible.

- How to get Social Security to pay off your HP debt.
- How to get your house redecorated free.
- How to get help to pay overdue gas and electricity bills.
- How to get Social Security to foot the bill for sending your children for a holiday.
- How women can get their fares paid to visit their husbands in prison.
- How to get anything from a pair of slippers to a spring interior matress.
- How to get an illegitimate child looked after free until he's adopted.

And believe it or not, *A-Code* even explains carefully why a man doesn't need to have an address to call at a Social Security office for a quick cash hand-out.

All this is against a background of soaring expenses for Social Security.

In four years the number of people claiming Social Security benefit has doubled to more than 6½ million a year.

The number walking into Social Security offices and getting instant hand-outs has doubled to 3½ million a year.

The cost of supplementary benefits has gone from £230 million in 1965 to about £500 million today.

How much more is it going to cost now that every layabout can spout chapter and verse of *A-Code*?

What is *A-Code* in fact other than simply an open encouragement to Britain to down tools and go to sleep?

THOUGHT FOR THE MONTH

"All the present leftish philosophy comes from the intellectual community. But in fact these people aren't real radicals, because to be radical means having something new to say. They have only tired old ideas about peace, the young and the blacks. Yet any pronouncement that does not come from them but from a work-a-day man is not worthy of their consideration."

Spiro Agnew.

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